



JPL's Approach for Helping Flight Project Managers Meet Today's Management Challenges

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Meeting the Project Manager Challenge
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Background and Environment



• Mid 90s

- JPL faced decreasing NASA budgets, increasing cost pressures and competition
- Explosion in number of small projects
- Retirement of experienced personnel
- Adopted "soft projectization" and FBC
 - Project Mgrs empowered to pursue creative approaches for cutting costs
 - Threw out old tried and true procedures
- Mars failures
 - External review committees questioned "how we do business"
- Environment after the failures
 - Increased oversight
 - Continued pressure to reduce costs



Problem Statement



• How can we put rigor back into the process and still get more efficient as an institution?

• How can we help project managers succeed in this difficult environment?



Approach



- Standardize the "routine" processes
 - New Flight Project Practices and Design Principles
 - New "standard" JPL lifecycle, gate products and WBS
 - Better coordinated review process
 - New project management training classes
 - Group procedures
- Increase the institutional support:
 - New position of Associate Director
 - New Project Support Office
 - Better partnering between line and projects
 - Mission design tools, cost databases, planning templates, examples and "project support" websites
 - Burden funded support teams



Organization



Project Support Office

Project Planning Office

Project Engineering Office

Control Systems Office

- Planning Support
- Costing Office
- Team Support
- Launch Support
- Proposal Center
- FHLP
- Training

- Design Principles
- Flt. Proj. Practices
- Technical I/S
- Project Facilities

- Project Data Mgt System
- Config. Mgmt.



Institutional Guidelines



Design Principles:

- Covers mission, systems, hardware, software and operations
- Includes subsystem designs, margins, interface requirements, grounding, EMI and verification

Flight Project Practices:

- Top level implementation practices
- 23 management, 18 engineering and 8 mission assurance

Compliance:

- Compliance matrices document compliance
- Attached to Implementation Plan
- Deviations must be justified and approved



Design Principles



Mission Design Flight System Design

Software

Managed Margins Flight Sequence Design Flight
System
V&V
Design

Flight System Flight Ops Design

General

Mechanical Configuration/Systems

Power/Pyrotechnics

Information System

Telecommunications System

Guidance, Navigation & Control

Propulsion System

System Thermal

System Fault Protection

System EMC/EMI

Flight Software System

Flight Hardware System

Project Programmatic Resource

Margins

- •Budget Reserve
- •Schedule Margin

Mission Design Resource Margins

Propellant

Flight System Development

Resource Margins

- •General
- System Mass
- •System Power
- •System Energy
- •Flight Software Margins
- •Power/Pyro System Margins
- •Telecom System Margins
- •Flight Hardware Margins

General

- •Min Op Times for Electronics
- •Handling & Test Constraints

Pre-delivery Verification

- •Subsystem and Assembly Level
- •Early Interface Testing
- •System Level

System Assembly, Integration & Test

- •System Assembly
- •System Integration
- •System Functional Verification
- •Flight Sequence Verification

System Fault Protection

Verification

- •System Stress Testing
- •System Envir Verification
- •Inter-system Verification

Launch Operations

- Pre-mate Verification
- Post-mate Verification



Flight Project Practices



Management Practices

Life Cycle **WBS** and Planning Science Organization NEPA & Launch Approval Spares, Testbeds, and Models Make-or-Buy Decisions Scheduling, Cost Estimating, Etc Information Mgt Level 1 Descope Planning Project Staffing & Destaffing Priorities/Competing Char Acquisition Reporting Reviews Risk Management Waivers Crisis Response Science Data Management Ext Comm & Public Engagement Lessons Learned Margins & Margin Mgt **ITAR**

Engineering Practices

Mission Design Telecommunications Design **Mission Operations** S.E. L/V and Launch Operations Inheritance **Planetary Protection** Fault Tolerance/Redundancy Flight H/W Logistics Materials, Processes, and **Contamination Control** S/W Devel Protection and Security of Flt H/W Design & Verification for **Environmental Compatibility** System Level Functional V&V C. M. **Orbital Debris** H/W Development Mission Ops System Devel

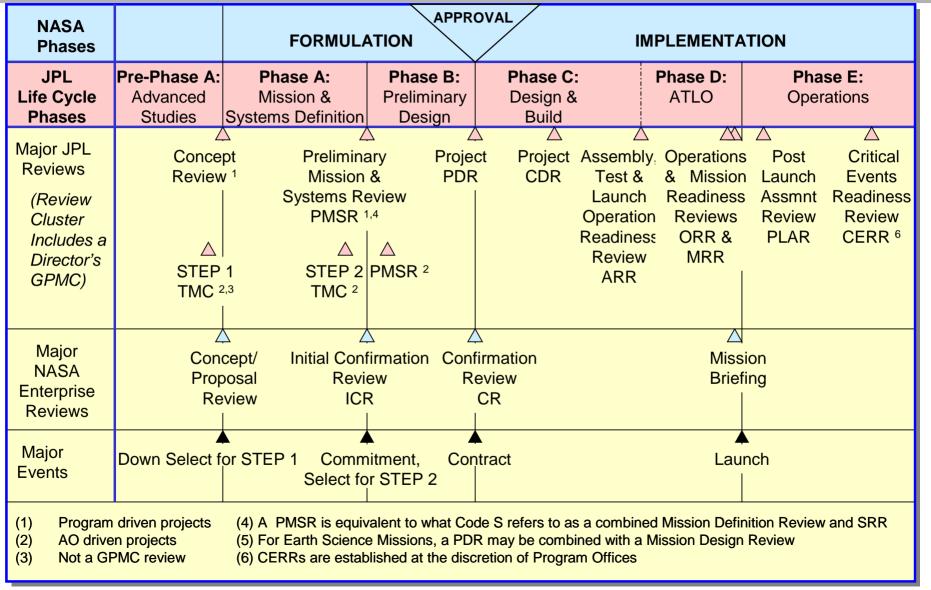
Mission
Assurance
Practices

M.A. Mgmt
Reliability Engineering
Q. A.
S/W IV&V
Electronic Parts Reliability,
Acquisition
Problem Reporting
Mission Operations Assurance
Systems Safety



JPL Project Lifecycle







Gate Products



- Documented over 100 products required at each Gate in the LifeCycle
 - planning
 - costing
 - technical
- Maturity at each Gate
 - draft, preliminary or final
- Used by projects and upper management:
 - planning
 - costing
 - scheduling
 - assessment
- Invoked by Flight Project Practices



Examples of Gate Products



- Project plans
- Mission scenarios
- System requirements
- Cost estimates
- Flight designs
- Verification results
- Interface documentation
- Command dictionaries
- Flight rules
- Etc



Templates and Examples



- Work breakdown structure and dictionary
- Plans
 - Task Plans (funding authority)
 - Project Plans responsive to FPP and NPG 7120.5
 - Detailed Project Implementation Plans, compliance matrices and work agreements
- Grass roots costing guidelines
- Documentation trees
- Requirements documentation
- Maintained in library accessible from website



Formulation Team



- Multi-disciplinary team
 - 7 burden- funded, full time equivalents
 - Planning, work breakdown structures, cost estimation, earned value support, requirements definition, information system, software, acquisition
- Support projects
 - Institutional requirements
 - Templates, examples and process support during
 Formulation Phase
 - Time-critical problems
- Assures that projects get started on right path for successful implementation



Project Support Website





FLIGHT PROJECT:

Status Reporting

PROJECT:

Life Cycle Reviews Products Roles Processes

SUPPORT:

Concept Development
Proposal Development
Science
Project Management
System Engineering
Mission Assurance
Flight Engineering
Software Engineering
Mission Operations
Launch System

Policies & Requirements
Compliance Matrices
Examples & Templates
Training & Education
Support for New Projects

elcome to JPL's Project Support System!

This system contains information, resources, and references to assist project managers and team members working on Flight Projects. Throughout all phases of a project, this system supports Projects in meeting JPL and NASA life-cycle requirements for spacecraft, instrument or technology payloads. It provides access to document templates, tools and services to help "get the job done" effectively and to ensure a successful project.







WHAT'S HOT?

- ▶ Preliminary Flight Projects Requirements Trace (2/4/04) NEW
- Mission Paradigms Presentation (ppt)
 John Casani
- Multiple Projects Calendar Presentation (ppt) Pat Corcoran
- ▶ Multiple Projects Calendar Training Package (ppt) NEW
- JPL Standard Flight Project WBS Template, Rev. 2 (12/17/03)
- Management Operations Working Group (MOWG) (11/19/03)
 - JPL Presentations
 - NASA Presentations

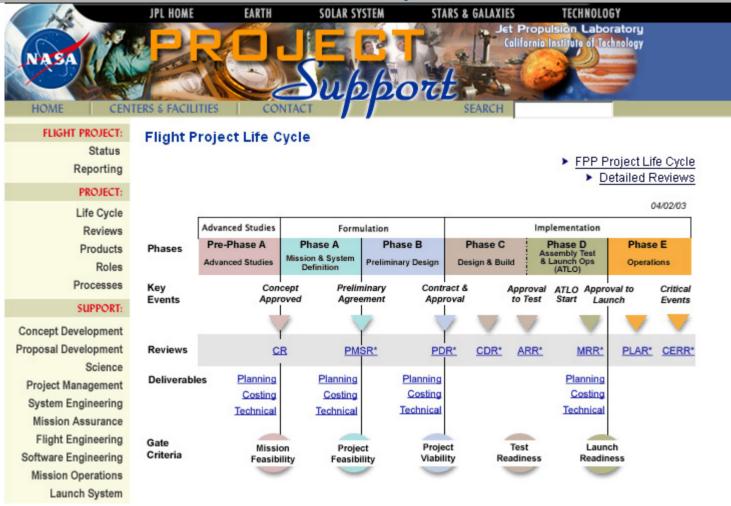
FREQUENTLY ACCESSED DOCUMENTS

- Flight Project Practices v5
- Flight Project Practice Compliance Matrix, Rev. 5 (2/27/03)
- Design Principles
- ▶ Design Principles Compliance Matrix
- Latest Monthly PSR Template (ppt)



Project Support Website -Life Cycle

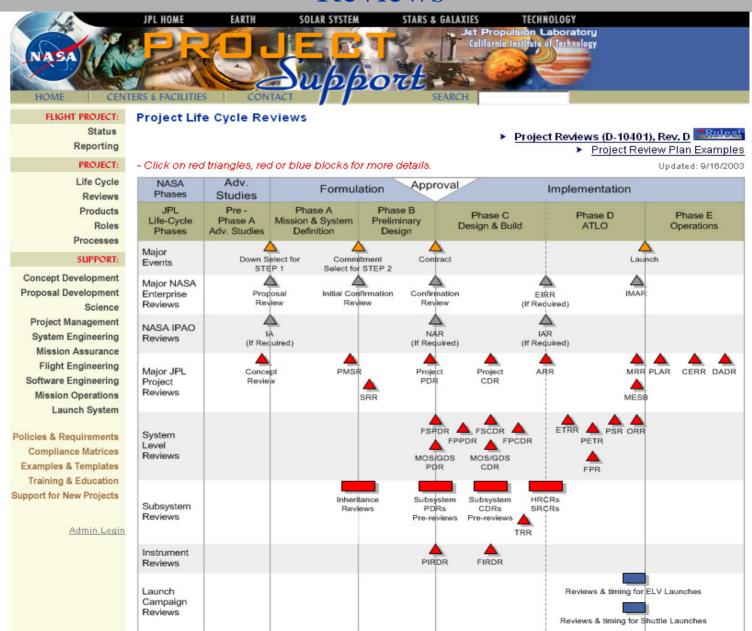






Project Support Website - Reviews







Project Support Website -Review Descriptions



Preliminary Design Review-Project/Mission/Flight System

The PDR period is the time frame of transition, in the nomenclature of NASA 7120.5, from the Formulation process to the Implementation process. As such, it is a primary source of insight for assessment teams to allow the agency to confirm transition.) A hierarchy of PDRs is conducted, at the Project/ Mission, System and Subsystem level.

Note: Typically, the Project and Flight System level reviews are combined, while the Mission operations System review is held sometime later, as its design lags the Flight system, and hence it matures later, to the PDR level.

Objective:

The preliminary design review evaluates the project's readiness to proceed with implementation. This review evaluates the completeness and consistency of the planning, technical, and cost baselines--to the systems level, developed during formulation. It assesses the compliance of the design with applicable requirements.

Scope:

- a. Project level 1 requirements and mission success criteria
- b. Project description, plans and schedules, participants and roles and responsibilities
- c. Science objectives and payload description
- d. Project, mission, and science requirements completeness wrt mission objectives
- e Requirements flow-down to level three (systems level), and draft flow-down to level four.
- e. Mission, system and subsystem designs including key trade-offs
- f. Technology developments
- g. Verification and validation approach
- h. Project risk management approach including the significant risks, mitigation options, and descopes
- Project lifecycle cost estimate including costing methodology and validation, budget reserves, and cost risk
- j. Open items and plans

Timing:

This review is held prior to the phase B-to-C/D transition, when the maturity of the planning, design, and costing allows the project to give credible presentations on the PDR topics

Success Criteria:

The review board is able to conclude that:

- a. The level 1 requirements and mission success criteria are reasonable, finalized, and stated clearly.
- b. The requirements flowdown is complete, and adequate understanding exists for the mission and system requirements.
- c. The mission and system designs comply with the requirements, contain adequate margins, and represent acceptable mission risk.
- d. The proposed management approach, including the plans and schedules, is sufficiently well defined.
- e. The technical and programmatic resources, including the staffing plan, schedule margin, and budget reserve, are adequate to complete the development with acceptable risk.
- f. The Project risks are understood, and adequate plans and a process exists for managing these risks.
- g. The Project state of readiness of the technical baseline and implementation approach is sufficiently mature, and adequate plans exist for the handling of the open items, such that a formal commitment can be made to the sponsor, and the Project proceed with the implementation.

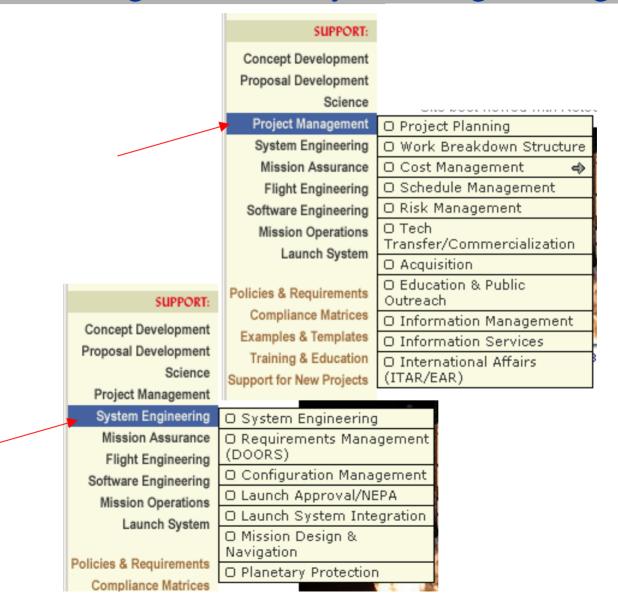
Agenda Topics:

- a. Project
 - 1. Project description
 - 2. Level 1 requirements and assessment
 - 3. Key challenges and Project constraints
 - 4. Key Project policies (including single point failure policy)
 - 5. Mission success criteria
 - 6. Project organization chart and key staff status
 - 7. Project implementation mode
 - 8. Project schedule (including critical path) and margin
 - 9. Project deliverables and spares philosophy
 - 10. Significant changes/accomplishments since PMSR
 - 11. Status of PMSR action items
 - 12. Open issues/items and resolution plans and assessment
 - 13. Project summary status
 - 14. Program interfaces



Project Support Website Project Management and System Engineering

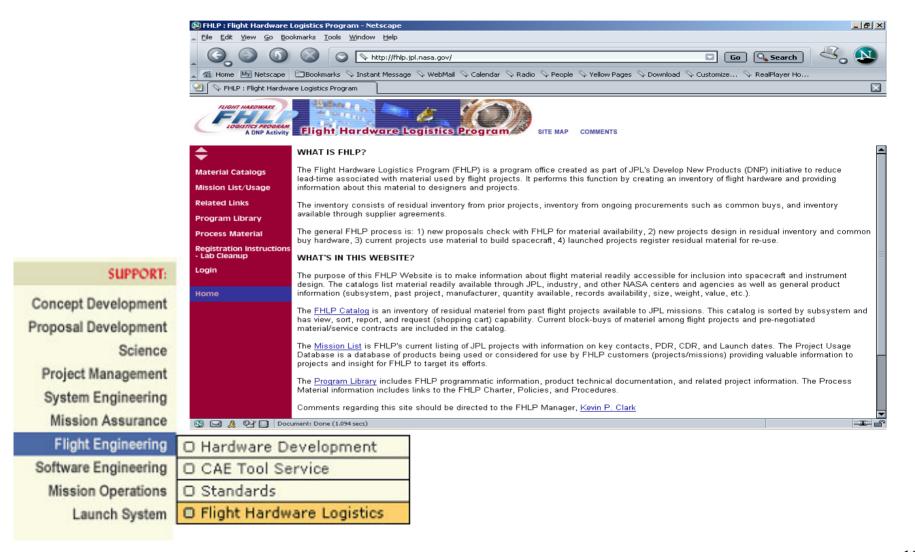






Project Support Website -Flight Hardware Logistics Program







On-Line Configuration Mgt Plan



JPL - Configuration Management Plan Generator

The CM Generator will generate a draft CM plan (<u>CM Plan definition</u>) in Word 97 within your browser. You can then save the draft to your machine and use it to complete a CM Plan for your project.

Follow these steps to generate your draft:

- 1. Enter the appropriate information in the form on this page. A draft outline will be generated.
- 2. Enter the appropriate information in the draft outline form. A draft Word file will be generated.
- 3. Save the Word file to your local disk; change the name of the file extension from *.exe to *.doc.

Enter the *Project Name* as you would like it to appear in the document:

Project1

(1) What type of project is it	?
(please check all that apply)	

- □ Spacecraft
- ☐ Instrument
- Ground System
- □ Software Development
- Prototype
- ☐ Science
- Technology Demonstration
- (2) What is the nature of the project? (please check all that apply)
- In-house development
- Commercial Team Partners
- □ Government Team Partners
- Subcontractors
- Universities

(3) What is the nature of development? (please check all that apply)

	Software		Hardware		are	
	Flight	Test	Ground Support	Flight	Test	Ground Support
New					Г	
Heritage						
Commercial off the shelf (COTS)				F		
Modified off the shelf (MOTS)			Г			RIL
Government Furnished Equipment / Software (GFE/GFS)	Г	Г		Ţ	Г	Г
Integration with externally developed / provided system elements	L	Г	Г		H	ENT.



Configuration Mgt Plan Example



New Project Configuration Management Plan

PD xxxx-xx

Prepared By:	
Name Configuration Management Engineer Concurrence By:	Date
Name TBD Project Manager	Date
Name TBD Flight System Manager	Date
Name TBD Mission System Manager	Date
Henry F. Tauchen JPL DNP Configuration Management Process Owner	Date
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS and SPACE ADMINISTRATION	

JPL

JET PROPULSION LABORATORY California Institute of Technology Pasadena, California

JPL D-yyyyyyy

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Cost Risk Factors



- Mission Complexity
- •Significant Technical Development
- •New or Unvalidated Software Inheritance
- Technical Margins

- •System Architecture
- Contractor CapabilitiesMatch
- Programmatic/ Cost and Schedule Margin
- Management and Organization



Application of Risk Factors



- Subfactors identified to explain and quantify each factor
- Factors and subfactors identified as:
 - Primary
 - Secondary
- Allocation added for unknown- unknowns
- Correlation based on 13 most recent projects
- Validated through review and application to other projects
- Used as a tool for evaluating reserve posture on new proposals and projects



Project Manager Course



- Week-long offsite offered twice a year
- End-to-end overview of JPL Project Life Cycle
- Rules, lessons learned, where to get help
- Presentations, panel sessions, top management,
 NASA and contractor involvement
- Planning, costing, project control, system engineering, design, development, test and operations
- Assumes management skills and focuses on how to manage a project at JPL
- Required for all candidate project managers
- Highly rated and much in demand



Other Possible Applications



- NASA HQ
- NASA Centers
- Other FFRDCs
- Industry??



Summary



- Reliability and efficiency have been increased
- Changes in culture have taken 3 years
 - Everyone now knows what is expected
 - Couldn't have happened without <u>active</u> top management support
- Definition of rules in combination with more institutional help to project personnel has proven to be an excellent model
- Could be applied to HQ, other Centers and FFRDCs